



# Shoreline Habita

The Habitat Type provides a simplified picture of the "look" of the unit overall, based on the detailed biophysical attributes that have been mapped. The Habitat Type category is a summary of the observations of both the unit's biological and geomorphological features.

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Each Habitat Type has a definition that includes the typical substrate, wave exposure and biobands. For example, for the Semi-exposed, Immobile substrate Habitat Type, part of the definition of that class is a certain combination of the most likely biobands and indicator species present at a bedrock shoreline with no mobile sediment present.

Each Habitat Type has typical biological features (including both an indicator species list and typical associated biobands). To determine the Habitat Type, look at the biobands of the place where Units are designated and described by the classification.

To determine the Habitat Type, the biomapper looks at the along-shore Units as designated and described by the physical map.  
1.□ records the observations of the biobands in the unit and looks for indicator species,  
2.□ assigns a bio (wave) exposure category.

- 2.  assigns a bio-(wave) exposure category,
- 3.  reviews the physical mapped information, and
- 4.  assigns the Habitat Type that best describes the unit

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The Habitat Type is based on the whole unit and is similar to the physical mappers use of the 'Coastal Class' category, in that the detailed across-shore data are summarized into one attribute. The simplified category describes the features of the whole unit.

Habitat Type is a summary of the biophysical classification of the whole shore unit, based on:  
 the highbands observed

- the biobands observed,
- the wave exposure as indicated by the bands, and
- the substrate type in the area.

- the substrate types in the unit.

Legend Definitions  
CC - Coastal Classification number

33 Seaward Classification Number

**Wave Exposure**  
E - Exposed - Very high wave exposure, open ocean swell usually fetches >500km  
VE - Very Exposed - Extreme high wave exposure

VE - Very Exposed - Extreme high wave exposure  
SE - Semi Exposed - High wave exposure, open shorelines, areas between fully exposed and more sheltered, usually fetches 50km  
P - Protected - Low wave exposure, sheltered inlets, usually fetches less than 10km

P - Protected - Low wave exposure, sheltered inlets, usually fetches less than 10km  
SP - Semi Protected - Moderate wave exposure, partly sheltered, usually fetches 10-50km  
VP - Very Protected - Very low wave exposure, fetches < 1km, sheltered anchorages at heads of bays and inlets

VP - Very Protected - Very low wave exposure, fetches < 1km, sheltered anchorages at heads of bays and inlets

Table WCVI. GOES WITH BIO AREAS WCVI, SCVI, WCVINorth, JdF Habitat Classification for “Exposure Bio” (EXP_BIO) and “Habitat Observed” (HAB_OBS) based on visible macro-biota assemblages for the West Coast Vancouver Island bio-mapping.									
MAJOR SUBSTRATE	BEDROCK/BOULDER	BEDROCK/BOULDER	BEDROCK/BOULDER	BEDROCK/BOULDER	SAND & GRAVEL	SAND & GRAVEL	SAND/MUD	SEDIMENT	BEDROCK OR SEDIMENT
COASTAL CLASSES	1-20	1-20	1-23, 32, 33	1-23, 33	24, 25, 26, 32	24, 25, 26, 32	27, 28, 29, 30, 31	24 - 30	
EXPOSURE (EXP_BIO)	E	SE	SP	P, VP	SP	P, VP	SP, P, VP	SE, E	VP, P, SP
HABITAT OBSERVED (HAB_OBS)	2	3 *	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
upper	<i>Verrucaria</i>	<i>Verrucaria</i>	<i>Verrucaria</i>	<i>Verrucaria</i>	<i>Verrucaria</i>	<i>Verrucaria</i>	marsh grasses & rushes		
	<i>Enteromorpha</i>	<i>Enteromorpha</i>	<i>Enteromorpha</i>	<i>Enteromorpha</i>	<i>Enteromorpha</i>	<i>Enteromorpha</i>			
	<i>Balanus glandula</i>	<i>Balanus glandula</i>	<i>Balanus glandula</i>	<i>Balanus glandula</i>	<i>Balanus glandula</i>	<i>Balanus glandula</i>	<i>Salsicornia virginica</i>		
	<i>Peltieriopsis limitata</i>	<i>Fucus distichus</i>	<i>Fucus distichus</i>	<i>Fucus distichus</i>	<i>Fucus distichus</i>	<i>Fucus distichus</i>	<i>Balanus glandula</i>		
middle	<i>Semibalanus cariosus</i>	<i>Semibalanus cariosus</i>	<i>Semibalanus cariosus</i>		<i>Semibalanus cariosus</i>		<i>Fucus distichus</i>		
	<i>Pollicipes polymerus</i>		<i>Mytilus trossulus</i>						
			<i>Ulva/ Ulvaria spp.</i>						
mid/low	<i>Mytilus californianus</i>	<i>Mytilus californianus</i>							
		<i>Microcladia/Iridaea type mixed reds</i>	<i>Gigartina/Odontothalia type mixed reds</i>						
	<i>Postelsia palmaeformis</i>								
		<i>Hedophyllum sessile</i>							
		<i>Codium fragile</i>			<i>Codium fragile</i>				
lower	<i>Lessoniopsis littoralis</i>		<i>Laminaria saccharina</i>	<i>Laminaria saccharina</i>	<i>Laminaria saccharina</i>	<i>Laminaria saccharina</i>			
		<i>Egredia menziesii</i>							
		<i>Laminaria setchellii</i>							
		<i>Laminaria groenlandica</i>	<i>Laminaria groenlandica</i>		<i>Laminaria groenlandica</i>				
	<i>Alaria nana</i>	<i>Alaria marginata</i>	<i>Alaria marginata</i>		<i>Alaria marginata</i>				
		<i>Eisenia arborea</i>							
	<i>Lithothamnion</i>	<i>Lithothamnion</i>			<i>Lithothamnion</i>				
			<i>Sargassum muticum</i>		<i>Sargassum muticum</i>				
		<i>Agarum sp</i>	<i>Agarum sp</i>	<i>Agarum sp</i>	<i>Agarum sp</i>	<i>Agarum sp</i>			
subtidal		<i>Phyllospadix scouleri</i>							
		<i>Macrocystis integrifolia</i>	<i>Macrocystis integrifolia</i>	<i>Macrocystis integrifolia</i>	<i>Macrocystis integrifolia</i>	<i>Macrocystis integrifolia</i>			
		<i>Nereocystis luetkeana</i>	<i>Nereocystis luetkeana</i>	<i>Nereocystis luetkeana</i>	<i>Nereocystis luetkeana</i>	<i>Nereocystis luetkeana</i>			
		<i>Strongylocentrotus franciscanus</i>	<i>Strongylocentrotus franciscanus</i>		<i>Strongylocentrotus franciscanus</i>				

