

3 - Bedrock/Boulder - CC 1-23, 32, 33 - SE Current Dominated
4 - Bedrock/Gravel - CC 1-23, 33 - SP 10 - Bedrock or Sediment - CC 34 - VP/P/SP
5 - Bedrock/Gravel - CC 1-23,33 - P/VP Tidal Lagoon
11 - Bedrock or Sediment - CC 35 - VP/P/SP

CC Type
Rock Shore Types - characterized by a lack of clastic sediments such as gravel or sand.
1 Rock Barnp, Wide 21 Gravel Flat, Wide
2 Rock Platform Wide 22 Gravel Flat, Wide
3 Rock Cliff Narrow 23 Gravel Flat or Fan
4 Rock Ramp, Narrow 24 Sand and Gravel Beach
5 Rock Rotform Narrow 25 Sand and Gravel Flat or Fan, Wide
5 Rock Platform Narrow 25 Sand and Gravel Flat or Fan, Narrow
6 Rock and Sediment Shore Types - rock and pockets of clastic sediments 26 Sand and Gravel Flat or Fan, Narrow
10 Rock and Sediment Shore Types - rock and pockets of clastic sediments 26 Sand and Gravel Flat or Fan, Narrow
11 Ramp with Gravel Beach, Wide 27 Sand Beach, Wide 28 Sand Flat 27 Sand Beach, Wide 28 Sand Flat 38 Ramp with Gravel Beach, Narrow 30 Sand Beach, Narrow 31 Ramp with Gravel Beach, Narrow 31 Ramp with Gravel Beach, Narrow 31 Ramp with Sand and Gravel Beach, Narrow 32 Mann-made, permeable 32 Platform with Sand and Gravel Beach, Wide 32 Mann-made, permeable 32 Mann-made, permeable 33 Mann-made, impermeable 34 Ramp with Sand and Gravel Beach, Narrow 34 Channel 35 Platform with Sand Beach, Narrow 34 Current Dominated 35 Ramp with Sand Beach, Narrow 34 Channel 36 Ramp with Sand Beach, Narrow 34 Ramp with Sand Beach, Narrow 35 Ramp with Sand Beach, Narrow 36 Ramp with Sand Beach, Narrow 37 Ramp with Sand Beach, Narrow 38 Ramp with Sand Beach, Narrow 39 Ramp with Sand Beach, Narrow 30 Ramp with Sand Beach, Narr

How is Habitat Type determined?
Each Habitat Type has typical biological features (including both an indicator species list and typical associated biobands).
To determine the Habitat Type, the biomapper looks at the along-shore Units as designated and described by the physical mapper, and 1. □records the observations of the biobands in the unit and looks for indicator species,

2. □ assigns a bio-(wave) exposure category,
3. □ reviews the physical mapped information, and
4. □ assigns the Habitat Type that best describes the unit.

I. □assigns the Habitat Type that best describes the unit.

The Habitat Type is based on the whole unit and is similar to the physical mappers use of the 'Coastal Class' category, in that the detailed across-shore data are summarized into one attribute. The simplified category describes the features of the whole unit.

Habitat Type is a summary of the biophysical classification of the whole shore unit, based on:

□the biobands observed,
□the wave exposure as indicated by the bands, and
□the substrate types in the unit.

Legend Definitions CC - Coastal Classification number

Wave Exposure
E - Exposed - Very high wave exposure, open ocean swellsm usually fetches >500km
VE - Very Exposed - Extreme high wave exposure

SP - Semi Protected - Moderate wave expsoure, partly sheltered, usually fetches 10-50km

VP - Very Protected - Very low wave exposure, fethces < 1km, sheltered anchorages at heads of bays and inletes

VE - Very Exposed - Extreme high wave exposure
SE - Semi Exposed - High wave exposure, open shorelines, areas between fully exposed and more sheltered, usually fetches 50 to 500km
P - Protected - Low wave expsoure, sheltered inlets, usually fetches less than 10km

SUBSTRATE STABILITY MAJOR SUBSTRATE	IMMOBILE SUBSTRATES				MOBILE OR PARTIALLY MOBILE SUBSTRATES				CURRENT- DOMI- NATED	TIDAL IAGOON
	BEDROCK	BEDROCK/BOULDER	BEDROCK/GRAVEL	BEDROCK/GRAVEL	SAND & GRAVEL	SAND & GRAVEL	SAND/MUD	SEDIMENT	BEDROCK OR SEDIMENT	BEDROCK OR SEDIMENT
COASTAL CLASSES	1-20	1-23, 32, 33	1-23, 33	1-23, 33	24 – 30, 32 no SAL band	24 – 30, 32 no SAL band	24 - 30, 31 has SAL band	24-30	34	35
EXPOSURE (EXP BIO)	Е	SE	SP	VP, P	SP	VP, P	VP, P, SP	SE, E	VP, P, SP	VP, P, SP
COMMUNITY CODE (HAB OBS)	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
upper	Verrucaria Balanus glandula	Verrucaria Enteromorpha Balanus glandula Fucus distichus	Verrucaria Enteromorpha Balanus glandula Fucus distichus	Verrucaria Enteromorpha Balanus glandula Fucus distichus	Verrucaria Enteromorpha Balanus glandula Fucus distichus	Verrucaria Enteromorpha Balanus glandula Fucus distichus	grasses & rushes Salicornia virginica Bakanus glandula Fucus distichus	no visible	tidal current	Balanus glandule Fucus distichus
middle	Pollicipes polymerus Mytilus californianus Semibalanus carriosus	Mytilus californianus  Semibalanus carriosus	Mytilus trossulus* Semibalanus carriosus Ulva/ Ulvaria spp.	Mytilus trossulus *  Ulva/ Ulvaria spp.	Semibalanus carriosus Ulva/ Ulvaria spp.	Ulva/ Ulvaria spp.	Mytilus trossulus**  Ulva/ Ulvaria	macrobiota due to sediment mobility	dominated; may be a Protected wave exposure but shows an assemblage of	ponded water in lagoon creates
mid/low	Alaria 'nana' morph	Hedophyllum sessile Phyllospadix scouleri							indicator species from higher wave exposures. Assemblage	narrow intertidal and a reduced biota in brackish water, may have
lower	Lessoniopsis littoralis  Lithothamnion	Alaria 'marginata' morph Lithothamnion	Laminaria groenlandica <b>Laminaria saccharina</b> Alaria 'marginata' morph  Lithothamnion	Laminaria saccharina	Laminaria groenlandica Laminaria saccharina Alaria 'marginata' morph Lithothamnion	Laminaria saccharina			observed is 'anomalous' for the wave energy of the site.	associated current dominated at outflow
-1411										
subtidal	Nereocystis luetkeana	Nereocystis luetkeana Macrocystis integrifolla Agarum spp. Strongylocentrotus franciscanus	Nereocystis luetkeana Macrocystis integrifolia Agarum spp. Strongylocentrotus franciscanus	Macrocystis integrifolia Agarum spp.	Nereocystis luetkeana Macrocystis integrifolia Agarum spp. Strongylocentrotus franciscanus	Macrocystis integrifolia Agarum spp.				
	l	-	Zostera marina	Zostera marina	Zostera marina	Zostera marina	Zostera marina			

