

2	Туре	cc		Туре				
ock Sh	re Types - characterized by a lack of clastic sediments such as gravel or sand.			Sediment Shore Types - have substrates that have little or no bedcrock cropping out				
	1 Rock Ramp, Wide		21	Gravel Flat, Wide				
	2 Rock Platform Wide		22	Gravel Beach				
	3 Rock Cliff Narrow		23	Gravel Flat or Fan				
	4 Rock Ramp, Narrow		24	Sand and Gravel Flat or Fan, Wide				
	5 Rock Platform Narrow		25	Sand and Gravel Beach				
ock ar	d Sediment Shore Types - rock and pockets of clastic sediments		26	Sand and Gravel Flat or Fan, Narrow				
	6 Ramp with Gravel Beach, Wide		27	Sand Beach, Wide				
	7 Platform with Gravel Beach, Wide		28	Sand Flat				
	8 Cliff with Gravel Beach		29	Mud Flat				
	9 Ramp with Gravel Beach, Narrow		30	Sand Beach, Narrow				
	10 Platform with Gravel Beach, Narrow		31	Estuaries				
	11 Ramp with Sand and Gravel Beach, Wide		Man-Made Materials					
	12 Platform with Sand and Gravel Beach, Wide		32	Man-made, permeable				
	13 Cliff with Sand and Gravel Beach		33	Man-made, impermeable				
	14 Ramp with Sand and Gravel Beach, Narrow		Current Dominated					
	15 Platform with Sand and Gravel Beach, Narrow		34	Channel				
	16 Ramp with Sand Beach, Wide		35	Tidal Lagoon				
	17 Platform with Sand Beach, Wide							
	18 Cliff with Sand Beach							
	19 Ramp with Sand Beach, Narrow							
	20 Platform with Sand Beach, Narrow							

Each Habitat Type has typical biological features (including both an indicator species list and typical associated biobands).

To determine the Habitat Type, the biomapper looks at the along-shore Units as designated and described by the physical mapper, and 1. □ records the observations of the biobands in the unit and looks for indicator species,

2. □ assigns a bio-(wave) exposure category,
3. □ reviews the physical mapped information, and
4. □ assigns the Habitat Type that best describes the unit.

The Habitat Type is based on the whole unit and is similar to the physical mappers use of the 'Coastal Class' category, in that the detailed across-shore data are summarized into one attribute. The simplified category describes the features of the whole unit.

Habitat Type is a summary of the biophysical classification of the whole shore unit, based on: •□the biobands observed, □the wave exposure as indicated by the bands, and • □ the substrate types in the unit.

Legend Definitions CC - Coastal Classif

CC - Coastal Classification number
Wave Exposure
E - Exposed - Very high wave exposure, open ocean swellsm usually fetches >500km
VE - Very Exposed - Extreme high wave exposure
SE - Semi Exposed - High wave exposure, open shorelines, areas between fully exposed and more sheltered, usually fetches 50 to 500km
P - Protected - Low wave expsoure, sheltered inlets, usually fetches less than 10km
SP - Semi Protected - Moderate wave expsoure, partly sheltered, usually fetches 10-50km
VP - Very Protected - Very low wave exposure, fethces < 1km, sheltered anchorages at heads of bays and inletes

SUBSTRATE STABILITY	IMMOBILE SUBSTRATES				MOBILE OR PARTIALLY MOBILE SUBSTRATES				CURRENT- DOMI- NATED	
MAJOR SUBSTRATE	BEDROCK	BEDROCK	BEDROCK/BOULDER	BEDROCK/GRAVEL	BEDROCK/GRAVEL	SAND & GRAVEL	SAND & GRAVEL	ESTUARY or SAND/MUD	SEDIMENT	BEDROCK OF SEDIMENT
COASTAL CLASSES	1-20	1-20	1-23, 32, 33	1-23, 33	1-23, 33	24, 25, 26, 32	24, 25, 26, 32	27, 28, 29, 30, 31	21-30	34
EXPOSURE (EXP BIO)	VE	Е	SE	SP	VP, P	SP	VP, P	VP, P, SP	SE, E	VP, P, SP
COMMUNITY CODE (HAB_OBS)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
upper	Verrucaria Balanus giandula	Verrucaria Balanus glandula	Verrucaria Enteromorpha Balanus glandula	Verrucaria Enteromorpha Balanus glandula	Verrucaria Enteromorpha Balanus glandula	Verrucaria Enteromorpha Balanus glandula	Verrucaria Enteromorpha Balanus glandula	grasses & rushes Salicornia virginica Balanus glandula		tidal current
middle	Pollicipes polymerus Mytilus californianus	Pollicipes polymerus Mytilus californianus	Fucus distichus Mytilus californianus	Fucus distichus	Fucus distichus	Fucus distichus	Fucus distichus	Fucus distichus Mytilus trossulus	no visible	dominated, may be a protected wave exposure but shows an assemblage of indicator specie from higher wave exposures Assemblage observed is 'anomalous' for the wave energy of the site.
	[Semibalanus carriosus]	Semibalanus carriosus	Semibalanus carriosus	Mytilus trossulus Semibalanus carriosus Ulva/ Ulvaria spp.	Mytilus trossulus Ulva/ Ulvaria spp.	Mytilus trossulus Semibalanus carriosus Ulva/ Ulvaria spp.	Mytilus trossulus Utva/Utvaria spp.	Myttius trossuius Ulva/ Ulvaria		
mid·low	[Alaria 'nana' morph]	Alaria 'nana' morph	Halosaccion glandiforme Hedophyllum sessile Codium fragile Phyllospadix scouleri Egregia menziesii	Halosaccion glandiforme Codium fragile	Halosaccion glandiforme	Halosaccion glandiforme Codium fragile	Halosaccion glandiforme		intertidal macrobiota due to sediment mobility	
lower	Lessoniopsis littoralis [Laminaria setchelli] lush foliose coralline reds: Bossiella/ Calliarthron/Corallina	Lessoniopsis littoralis Laminaria setchelli foliose coralline reds	Laminaria setchelli Laminaria groenlandica diverse mixed red algae Alaria 'marginata' morph	Laminaria groenlandica Laminaria saccharina Alaria 'marginata' morph	Laminaria saccharina	Laminaria groenlandica Laminaria saccharina Alaria 'marginata' morph	Laminaria saccharina			
subtidal	Lithothamnion Nereocystis luetkeana	Lithothamnion Nereocystis luetkeana	Lithothanmion Nereocystis luetkeana Macrocystis integrifolia Agarum spp. Strongylocentrolus franciscanus	Lithothammion Nereocystis luetkeana Macrocystis integrifolia Agarum spp. Strongylocentrotus franciscanus Zostera marina	Macrocystis integrifolia Agarum spp. Zostera marina	Lithothamnion Nereocystis luetkeana Macrocystis integrifolia Agarum spp. Strongylocentrolus franciscanus Zostera marina	Macrocystis integrifolia Agarum spp. Zostera marina	Zostera marina		

