



### Legend

- | Unit Break Points                          | Mobile/Partially Mobile Substrates           |
|--|--|
| Undefined                                  | 6 - Sand & Gravel - CC 24-26, 32 - SP        |
| <b>Immobile Substrates</b>                 | 7 - Sand & Gravel - CC 24-26, 32 - VP/P      |
| 1 - Bedrock - CC 1-20 - VE                 | 8 - Estuary or Sand/Mud - CC 27-31 - VP/P/SP |
| 2 - Bedrock - CC 1-20 - E                  | 9 - Sediment - CC 21 - 30 - SE/E             |
| 3 - Bedrock/Boulder - CC 1-23, 32, 33 - SE | <b>Current Dominated</b>                     |
| 4 - Bedrock/Gravel - CC 1-23, 33 - SP      | 10 - Bedrock or Sediment - CC 34 - VP/P/SP   |
| 5 - Bedrock/Gravel - CC 1-23, 33 - P/P/P   | <b>Tidal Lagoon</b>                          |
|  | 11 - Bedrock or Sediment - CC 35 - VP/P/SP   |

### Mobile/Partially Mobile Substrates

-  6 - Sand & Gravel - CC 24-26, 32 - SP
  -  7 - Sand & Gravel - CC 24-26,32 - VP/P
  -  8 - Estuary or Sand/Mud - CC 27-31 - VP/P/SP
  -  9 - Sediment - CC 21 - 30 - SE/E
- Current Dominated**

- 10 - Bedrock or Sediment - CC 34 - VP/P/SP
- Tidal Lagoon**
- 11 - Bedrock or Sediment - CC 35 - VP/P/SP

- |     | CC | Type  |
|-----|----|---|
| II. |    | Sediment Shore Types - have substrates that have little or no bedrock cropping. |
|     | 21 | Gravel Flat, Wide   |
|     | 22 | Gravel Beach  |

## Shoreline Habitat

The Habitat Type provides a simplified picture of the "look" of the unit overall, based on the detailed biophysical attributes that have been mapped. The Habitat Type category is a summary of the observations of both the unit's biological and geomorphological characteristics.

Each Habitat Type has a definition that includes the typical substrate, wave exposure and biobands. For example, for the Semi-exposed, Immobile substrate Habitat Type, part of the definition of that class is a certain combination of the most likely biobands and indicator species present at a bedrock shoreline with no mobile sediment present.

How is Habitat Type determined?

Each Habitat Type has typical biological features (including both an indicator species list and typical associated biobands).

To determine the Habitat Type, the biomapper looks at the along-shore units as designated and described by the physical mapper, and, then

1. records the observations of the biobands in the unit and looks for indicator species,
2. assigns a bio-(wave) exposure category,
3. reviews the physical mapped information, and,
4. assigns the Habitat Type that best describes the unit.

The Habitat Type is based on the whole unit and is similar to the physical mappers use of the 'Coastal Class' category, in that the detailed across-shore data are summarized into one attribute. The simplified category describes the features of the whole unit.

Habitat Type is a summary of the biophysical classification of the whole shore unit, based on:

- the biobands observed,
- the wave exposure as indicated by the bands, and
- the substrate types in the unit.

**Legend Definitions**  
**SC - Coastal Classification number**

**Wave Exposure**  
 E - Exposed - Very high wave exposure, open ocean swells usually fetches = 500km  
 VE - Very Exposed - Extreme high wave exposure  
 SE - Semi Exposed - High wave exposure, open shorelines, areas between full and more sheltered, usually fetches 50 to 500 km  
 P - Protected - Low wave exposure, sheltered inlet, usually fetches less than 10km  
 PE - Partially Protected - Moderate wave exposure, partly sheltered, usually fetches 10-50km  
 VP - Very Protected - Very low wave exposure, fetches < 1km, sheltered anchorages at heads of bays and inlets

SUBSTRATE STABILITY	IMMOBILE SUBSTRATES				MOBILE OR PARTIALLY MOBILE SUBSTRATES				CURRENT DOMINATED	TIDAL LAGGON
	BEACHROCK	BEACHROCK/BOULDER	BEACHROCK/GRAVEL	BEACHROCK/GRAVEL	SAND & GRAVEL	SAND & GRAVEL	SAND/MUD	SEDIMENT		
MAJOR SUBSTRATE CLASSES	1-20	1-23, 32, 33	1-23, 33	1-23, 33	24-30, 32 no SAIL band	24-30, 31 has SAIL band	24-30, 31 has SAIL band	24-30		
EXPOSURE (hrs)	E	SE	SP	VP, P	SP	VP, P	VP, P, SP	SR, E		
COMMUNITY CODE	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
CODE										
upper	<i>Verrucaria</i> <i>Enteromorpha</i>	<i>Verrucaria</i> <i>Enteromorpha</i>	<i>Verrucaria</i> <i>Enteromorpha</i>	<i>Verrucaria</i> <i>Enteromorpha</i>	<i>Verrucaria</i> <i>Enteromorpha</i>	<i>Verrucaria</i> <i>Enteromorpha</i>	<i>grasses &amp; reeds</i> <i>Sargassum</i> <i>Ulva</i>			
	<i>Edmonia glandula</i> <i>Pezomachus</i>	<i>Edmonia glandula</i> <i>Pezomachus</i>	<i>Edmonia glandula</i> <i>Pezomachus</i>	<i>Edmonia glandula</i> <i>Pezomachus</i>	<i>Edmonia glandula</i> <i>Pezomachus</i>	<i>Edmonia glandula</i> <i>Pezomachus</i>	<i>Edmonia glandula</i> <i>Pezomachus</i>			
middle	<i>Polysiphonia</i> <i>Polysiphonia</i> <i>Polysiphonia</i>	<i>Mytilus californianus</i>	<i>Mytilus californianus</i>	<i>Mytilus rostratus</i> <i>Semibalanus cariosus</i> <i>Uva Uvularia</i> spp.	<i>Mytilus rostratus</i> <i>Semibalanus cariosus</i> <i>Uva Uvularia</i> spp.	<i>Semibalanus cariosus</i> <i>Uva Uvularia</i> spp.	<i>Mytilus rostratus</i> <i>Uva Uvularia</i> spp.	no visible macroscopically but down in sediment mobility		
mid low		<i>Hedylium verticillatum</i>						likely current dominated, may be exposed and washed away by exposures. Assemblage observed is not acclimated for the wave energy of the site.		
	<i>Alaria wrightii</i> morph	<i>Phyllophora scelerata</i>						pruned water in lagoon creates more material and washed away in breches water associated with current dominated		
lower	<i>Laminaria</i> <i>Laminaria</i>	<i>Laminaria</i> <i>Laminaria</i>	<i>Laminaria</i> <i>Laminaria</i>	<i>Laminaria</i> <i>Laminaria</i>	<i>Laminaria</i> <i>Laminaria</i>	<i>Laminaria</i> <i>Laminaria</i>	<i>Laminaria</i> <i>Laminaria</i>			
	<i>Alaria wrightii</i> morph	<i>Alaria wrightii</i> morph								
	<i>Lobosiphonia</i>	<i>Lobosiphonia</i>								
subtidal	<i>Nereocystis luteolenta</i>	<i>Nereocystis luteolenta</i>	<i>Nereocystis luteolenta</i>	<i>Macrocystis integrifolia</i> <i>Agarum</i> spp.	<i>Macrocystis integrifolia</i> <i>Agarum</i> spp.	<i>Macrocystis integrifolia</i> <i>Agarum</i> spp.	<i>Macrocystis integrifolia</i> <i>Agarum</i> spp.			
	<i>Strongylocentrotus</i> <i>Franciscanus</i>	<i>Strongylocentrotus</i> <i>Franciscanus</i>	<i>Strongylocentrotus</i> <i>Franciscanus</i>	<i>Zostera marina</i>	<i>Zostera marina</i>	<i>Zostera marina</i>	<i>Zostera marina</i>			

