

## 2 - Bedrock - CC 1-20 - E 3 - Bedrock/Boulder - CC 1-23, 32, 33 - SE Current Dominated 4 - Bedrock/Gravel - CC 1-23, 33 - SP 10 - Bedrock or Sediment - CC 34 - VP/P/SP 5 - Bedrock/Gravel - CC 1-23,33 - P/VP Tidal Lagoon 11 - Bedrock or Sediment - CC 35 - VP/P/SP

CC Type		CC	Туре			
Rock Shore Types - characterized by a lack of clastic sediments such as gravel or san		Sediment :	Shore Types - have substrates that have little or no bedcrock cropping ou			
1 Rock Ramp, Wide		21	1 Gravel Flat, Wide			
2 Rock Platform Wide	П	22	Gravel Beach			
3 Rock Cliff Narrow		23	Gravel Flat or Fan			
4 Rock Ramp, Narrow	П	24	Sand and Gravel Flat or Fan, Wide			
5 Rock Platform Narrow		25	Sand and Gravel Beach			
Rock and Sediment Shore Types - rock and pockets of clastic sediments	П	26	Sand and Gravel Flat or Fan, Narrow			
6 Ramp with Gravel Beach, Wide		27	Sand Beach, Wide			
7 Platform with Gravel Beach, Wide		28	Sand Flat			
8 Cliff with Gravel Beach	П	29	Mud Flat			
9 Ramp with Gravel Beach, Narrow		30	Sand Beach, Narrow			
10 Platform with Gravel Beach, Narrow	П	31	Estuaries			
11 Ramp with Sand and Gravel Beach, Wide 12 Platform with Sand and Gravel Beach, Wide		Man-Made Materials				
		32	2 Man-made, permeable			
13 Cliff with Sand and Gravel Beach		33	Man-made, impermeable			
14 Ramp with Sand and Gravel Beach, Narrow 15 Platform with Sand and Gravel Beach, Narrow		Current Do	Jominated			
		34 Channel				
16 Ramp with Sand Beach, Wide		35	Tidal Lagoon			
17 Platform with Sand Beach, Wide						
18 Cliff with Sand Beach	$\sqcap$					
19 Ramp with Sand Beach, Narrow						
20 Platform with Sand Beach, Narrow	$\Box$					

Semi-exposed, Immobile substrate Habitat Type, part of the definition of that class is a certain combination of the most likely biobands and indictor species present at a bedrock shoreline with no mobile sediment present.

How is Habitat Type determined? Each Habitat Type has typical biological features (including both an indicator species list and typical associated biobands).

To determine the Habitat Type, the biomapper looks at the along-shore Units as designated and described by the physical mapper, and 1. records the observations of the biobands in the unit and looks for indicator species,

2. □ assigns a bio-(wave) exposure category,
3. □ reviews the physical mapped information, and
4. □ assigns the Habitat Type that best describes the unit.

The Habitat Type is based on the whole unit and is similar to the physical mappers use of the 'Coastal Class' category, in that the detailed across-shore data are summarized into one attribute. The simplified category describes the features of the whole unit.

Habitat Type is a summary of the biophysical classification of the whole shore unit, based on: • □ the biobands observed, • the wave exposure as indicated by the bands, and • the substrate types in the unit.

Legend Definitions
CC - Coastal Classification number

VP - Very Protected - Very low wave exposure, fethces < 1km, sheltered anchorages at heads of bays and inletes

E - Exposed - Very high wave exposure, open ocean swellsm usually fetches >500km

VE - Very Exposed - Extreme high wave exposure

SE - Semi Exposed - High wave exposure, open shorelines, areas between fully exposed and more sheltered, usually fetches 50 to 500km P - Protected - Low wave expsoure, sheltered inlets, usually fetches less than 10km SP - Semi Protected - Moderate wave expsoure, partly sheltered, usually fetches 10-50km

SUBSTRATE STABILITY	IMMOBILE SUBSTRATES				MOBILE	CURRENT- DOMI- NATED	TIDAL IAGOON			
MAJOR SUBSTRATE	BEDROCK	BEDROCK/BOULDER	BEDROCK/GRAVEL	BEDROCK/GRAVEL	SAND & GRAVEL	SAND & GRAVEL	SAND/MUD	SEDIMENT	BEDROCK OR SEDIMENT	BEDROCK OR SEDIMENT
COASTAL CLASSES	1-20	1-23, 32, 33	1-23, 33	1-23, 33	24 – 30, 32 no SAL band	24 – 30, 32 no SAL band	24 - 30, 31 has SAL band	24-30	34	35
EXPOSURE (EXP BIO)	Е	SE	SP	VP, P	SP	VP, P	VP, P, SP	SE, E	VP, P, SP	VP, P, SP
COMMUNITY CODE (HAB OBS)	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
upper	Verrucaria Balanus glandula	Verrucaria Enteromorpha Balanus giandula	Verrucaria Enteromorpha Balanus glandula	Verrucaria Enteromorpha Baianus gianduia	Verrucaria Enteromorpha Baianus gianduia	Verrucaria Enteromorpha Balanus glandula	grasses & rushes Salicornia virginica Balanus glandula			Balanus glandul
	D. #1.1	Fucus distichus	Fucus distichus	Fucus distichus	Fucus distichus	Fucus distichus	Fucus distichus	no visible	tidal current	Fucus distichus
middle	Pollicipes polymerus Mytilus californianus Semibalanus carriosus	Mytilus californianus Semibalanus carriosus	Mytilus trossulus* Semibalanus carriosus Ulva/ Ulvaria spp.	Mytilus trossulus *  Ulva/ Ulvaria spp.	Semibalanus carriosus Ulva/ Ulvaria spp.	Uwa/ Uwaria spp.	Mytilus trossulus** Ulva/ Ulvaria	macrobiota dominated; may be a Protected wave exposure but shows an assemblage of	ponded water in lagoon creates narrow intertidal and a reduced biota in brackish water, may have	
mid/low	Alaria 'nana' morph	Hedophyllum sessile Phyllospadix scouleri								
lower	Lessoniopsis littoralis  Lithothamnion	Alaria 'marginata' morph Lithothamnion	Laminaria groenlandica Laminaria saccharina Alaria 'marginata' morph Lithothannion	Laminaria saccharina	Laminaria groenlandica Laminaria saccharina Alaria 'marginata' morph Lithothamnion	Laminaria saccharina			Assemblage observed is 'anomalous' for the wave energy of the site.	associated current dominated at outflow
subtidal	Nereocystis luetkeana	Nereocystis luetkeana Macrocystis integrifolia Agarum spp. Strongylocentrotus franciscanus	Nereocystis luetkeana Macrocystis integrifolia Agarum spp. Strongylocentrotus franciscanus Zostera marina	Macrocystis integrifolia Agarum spp. Zostera marina	Nereocystis luetkeana Macrocystis integrifolia Agarum spp. Strongylocentrotus franciscanus Zostera marina	Macrocystis integrifolia Agarum spp. Zostera marina	Zostera marina			

