

		$\overline{}$		Bedrock or Sediment - CC 35 - VP/P/SP				
C	Туре	_		Туре				
ock Si	hore Types - characterized by a lack of clastic sediments such as gravel or sand.	_		Shore Types - have substrates that have little or no bedcrock cropping ou				
	1 Rock Ramp, Wide	_		Gravel Flat, Wide				
	2 Rock Platform Wide			Gravel Beach				
	3 Rock Cliff Narrow	_		Gravel Flat or Fan				
	4 Rock Ramp, Narrow	_		Sand and Gravel Flat or Fan, Wide				
	5 Rock Platform Narrow	_		Sand and Gravel Beach				
ock ar	nd Sediment Shore Types - rock and pockets of clastic sediments	_	1	Sand and Gravel Flat or Fan, Narrow				
	6 Ramp with Gravel Beach, Wide			Sand Beach, Wide				
	7 Platform with Gravel Beach, Wide			Sand Flat				
	8 Cliff with Gravel Beach		29	Mud Flat				
	9 Ramp with Gravel Beach, Narrow		30	Sand Beach, Narrow				
	10 Platform with Gravel Beach, Narrow		31	Estuaries				
	11 Ramp with Sand and Gravel Beach, Wide		Man-Made Materials					
	12 Platform with Sand and Gravel Beach, Wide		32	Man-made, permeable				
	13 Cliff with Sand and Gravel Beach		33	Man-made, impermeable				
	14 Ramp with Sand and Gravel Beach, Narrow		Current Dominated					
	15 Platform with Sand and Gravel Beach, Narrow		34	Channel				
	16 Ramp with Sand Beach, Wide		35	Tidal Lagoon				
	17 Platform with Sand Beach, Wide							
	18 Cliff with Sand Beach							
	19 Ramp with Sand Beach, Narrow							
	20 Platform with Sand Beach, Narrow							

2. □ assigns a bio-(wave) exposure category,
3. □ reviews the physical mapped information, and
4. □ assigns the Habitat Type that best describes the unit.

The Habitat Type is based on the whole unit and is similar to the physical mappers use of the 'Coastal Class' category, in that the detailed across-shore data are summarized into one attribute. The simplified category describes the features of the whole unit.

Habitat Type is a summary of the biophysical classification of the whole shore unit, based on: • □ the biobands observed, • the wave exposure as indicated by the bands, and

Legend Definitions
CC - Coastal Classification number

• the substrate types in the unit.

E - Exposed - Very high wave exposure, open ocean swellsm usually fetches >500km

VE - Very Exposed - Extreme high wave exposure

SE - Semi Exposed - High wave exposure, open shorelines, areas between fully exposed and more sheltered, usually fetches 50 to 500km

P - Protected - Low wave exposure, sheltered inlets, usually fetches less than 10km

SP - Semi Protected - Moderate wave exposure, partly sheltered, usually fetches 10-50km

VP - Very Protected - Very low wave exposure, fethces < 1km, sheltered anchorages at heads of bays and inletes

SUBSTRATE STABILITY	IMMOBILE SUBSTRATES				MOBILE	CURRENT- DOMI- NATED	TIDAL IAGOON			
MAJOR SUBSTRATE	BEDROCK	BEDROCK/BOULDER	BEDROCK/GRAVEL	BEDROCK/GRAVEL	SAND & GRAVEL	SAND & GRAVEL	SAND/MUD	SEDIMENT	BEDROCK OR SEDIMENT	BEDROCK OR SEDIMENT
COASTAL CLASSES	1-20	1-23, 32, 33	1-23, 33	1-23, 33	24 – 30, 32 no SAL band	24 – 30, 32 no SAL band	24 - 30, 31 has SAL band	24-30	34	35
EXPOSURE (EXP BIO)	Е	SE	SP	VP, P	SP	VP, P	VP, P, SP	SE, E	VP, P, SP	VP, P, SP
COMMUNITY CODE (HAB OBS)	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
upper	Verrucaria	Verrucaria Enteromorpha	Verrucaria Enteromorpha	Verrucaria Enteromorpha	Verrucaria Enteromorpha	Verrucaria Enteromorpha	grasses & rushes Salicornia virginica			
	Balanus glandula	Balanus glandula Fucus distichus	Balanus glandula Fucus distichus	Balanus glandula Fucus distichus	Balanus glandula Fucus distichus	Balanus glandula Fucus distichus	Balanus glandula Fucus distichus	no visible	tidal current	Balanus glandu Fucus distichus
middle	Pollicipes polymerus Mytilus californianus	Mytilus californianus	Mytilus trossulus*	Mytilus trossulus *			Mytilus trossulus*	macrobiota due to sediment	dominated; may be a Protected wave exposure	
	Semibalamus carriosus	Semibalanus carriosus	Semibalanus carriosus Ulva/ Ulvaria spp.	Ulva/ Ulvaria spp.	Semibalanus carriosus Ulva/ Ulvaria spp.	Ulva/ Ulvaria spp.	Ulva/ Ulvaria	mobility	but shows an assemblage of	ponded water in lagoon creates
mid/low	Alaria 'nana' morph	Hedophyllum sessile							indicator species from higher wave exposures.	narrow intertida and a reduced biota in brackisl
		Phyllospadix scouleri							Assemblage	water, may have
lower	Lessoniopsis littoralis Lithothamnion	Alaria 'marginata' morph Lithothamnion	Laminaria groenlandica Laminaria saccharina Alaria 'marginata' morph Lithothamnion	Laminaria saccharina	Laminaria groenlandica Laminaria saccharina Alaria 'marginata' morph Lithothamnion	Laminaria saccharina			observed is 'anomalous' for the wave energy of the site.	associated current dominated at outflow
subtidal	Nereocystis luetkeana	Nereocystis luetkeana Macrocystis integrifolia Agarum spp. Strongylocentrotus	Nereocystis luetkeana Macrocystis integrifolia Agarum spp. Strongylocentrotus	Macrocystis integrifolia Agarum spp.	Nereocystis luetkeana Macrocystis integrifolia Agarum spp. Strongylocentrotus	Macrocystis integrifolia Agarum spp.				

